

GLOSSARY



OG BREEDS



In France, dog breeds are divided into 10 groups



 Sheepdogs and Cattle Dogs (except Swiss Cattle Dogs)



Pinscher, Schnauzer, Molossoid and Swiss Cattle Dogs



Dachshund terriers



4. Teckels



Spitz and primitive dogs



6. Hounds and bloodhounds



Pointing dogs



8. Game, retrievers and water dogs



9. Pet dogs



10, Greyhounds



The Livre des Origines Françaises (LOF) is a register in which the origins of French pedigree dogs are recorded. Only dogs registered in the LOF can be referred to as "purebreds".

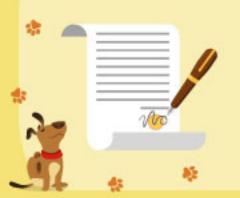




Pedigree is an official document issued by the Société Centrale Canine, mentioning a dog's genealogy and certifying the accuracy of its origins. It is issued on a permanent basis following a confirmation test, during which judges check that the dog complies with the breed standard.







This is an official text validated by the International Canine Federation, describing the characteristics of the ideal purebred and the breed's history.

These are the ultimate references used by judges for evaluating dogs at shows held in ICF member countries, and for breeders when striving to produce top-quality dogs. These standards are subject to change.





